

Line Voltage



$$v_{12} = v_1 - v_2$$

$$= 1 \angle 0^{\circ} - 1 \angle 120^{\circ}$$

$$= 1 - (\cos 120 + j \sin 120)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} - j \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$v_{12} = \sqrt{3} \angle -30^{\circ}$$

$$v_{23} = \sqrt{3} \angle + 90^{\circ}$$

$$v_{31} = \sqrt{3} \angle -150^{\circ}$$

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Slide 185

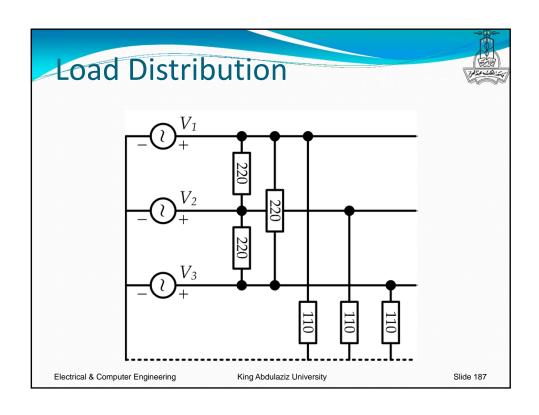
Examples

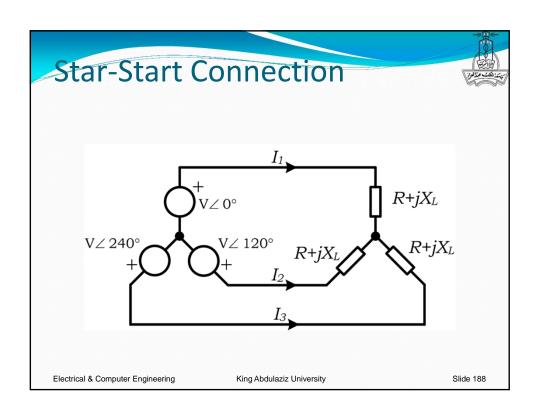


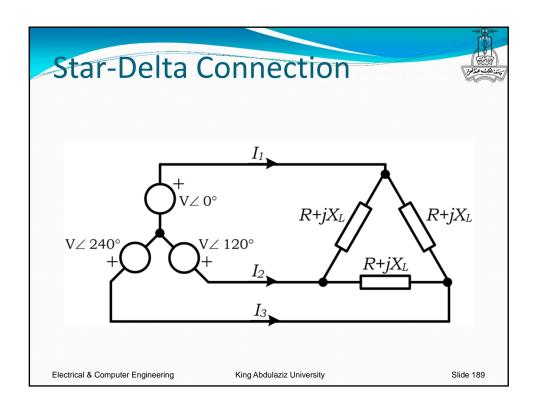
- If a phase voltage is 120V~
 - Line Voltage = $120 \cdot \sqrt{3} = 208V \sim$
- If a line voltage is 220V~
 - Phase Voltage = $220 / \sqrt{3} = 127V \sim$

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Power Factor (PF)



- Best Network when Q=o
- Let the angle between Voltage and Current be θ

$$PF = \cos \theta = \begin{cases} 1 & \theta = 0^{\circ} \\ 0 & \theta = 90^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

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Power Factor



• For a single load:

$$Z = R + jX_L$$

• The power factor can be expressed as:

$$PF = \frac{R}{\sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}}$$

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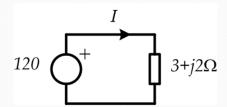
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Example



• What is the power factor of the circuit shown?



• Solution:

$$PF = \frac{R}{\sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3^2 + 2^2}} = 0.832$$

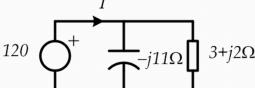
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Example



Recalculate the power factor when a capacitor is added as shown:



Solution:

$$Z_{eq} = (3+j2)//(-j11) = 4.03+j1.1$$

$$PF = 0.964$$

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Example



Calculate the Power and the total Volt-Ampere (*S*)?

$$120 \bigcirc^{+} \qquad 3+j2\Omega \qquad 120 \bigcirc^{+}$$

$$I = \frac{120}{3+j2} = 33.3 \angle -34^{\circ} \qquad I = \frac{120}{4.03+j1.1} = 28.7 \angle -15^{\circ}$$

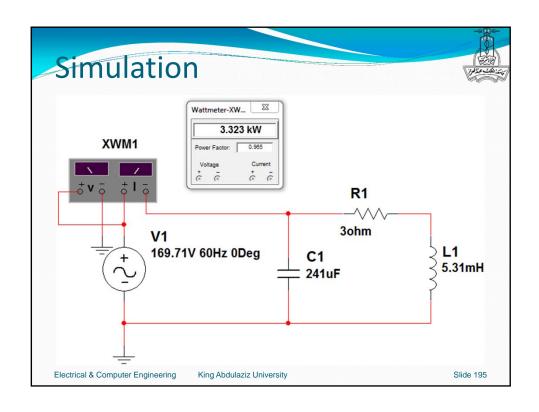
$$S = I^*.V = 3310+j2233 \qquad S = I^*.V = 3327+j891$$

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$$I = \frac{120}{4.03 + j1.1} = 28.7 \angle -15^{\circ}$$

$$S = I^*.V = 3327 + j891$$



Power Factor Correction



• How much parallel Capacitance to improve PF?

$$X_{C} = \left(X_{L} \cdot PF_{new} + R \cdot \sqrt{1 - PF_{new}^{2}}\right) \times \frac{PF_{new}}{PF_{new}^{2} - PF_{old}^{2}}$$

- Example:
 - $Z_L = 3 + j2$
 - $PF_{new} = 0.964$

$$X_C = \left(2 \times 0.964 + 3 \times \sqrt{1 - 0.964^2}\right) \times \frac{0.964}{0.964^2 - 0.832^2} = 11$$

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